**CHANGE COMMISSION** .....gton, D.C. 20549

3235-0123 Expires: October 31, 2004

Estimated average burden hours per response..... 12.00

ANNUAL AUDITED REPORTEIVED

SEC FILE NUMBER 8- 48163

**FACING PAGE** 

PART III

FORM X-17A-

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5/Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING $\_J$		AND ENDING_	
	MM/DD/YY		MM/DD/YY
A. REGI	STRANT IDENTIFI	CATION	·
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER: THIEME S	ECURITIES, INC.		OFFICIAL USE ONLY
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSIN	IESS: (Do not use P.O. I	Box No.)	FIRM I.D. NO.
1370 Avenue of the Americas -	31st Floor		
	(No. and Street)		*
New York,	NY		10019
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PER Peter Stockfisch	SON TO CONTACT IN	REGARD TO THIS R	EPORT (212) 921-1028
			(Area Code – Telephone Number
B. ACCO	UNTANT IDENTIF	ICATION	
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT who		· · ·	
	ame - if individual, state last,	•	•
88 Froehlich Farm Boulevard,	Woodbury, NY	11/9/	
(Address)	(City)	(State)	(Zip Code)
CHECK ONE:			
☑ Certified Public Accountant			
☐ Public Accountant			PROCESSED
Accountant not resident in United	States or any of its poss	essions.	APR 10 2003
F	OR OFFICIAL USE (	ONLY	THOMSON
			FINANCIAL
		<del></del>	

\*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See Section 240,17a-5(e)(2)

> Potential persons who are to respond to the collection of information contained in this form are not required to respond unless the form displays a currently valid OMB control number.

#### OATH OR AFFIRMATION

ı, <u>Heiko Thieme</u>	, swear (or affirm) that, to the best of
my knowledge and belief the accompanying	financial statement and supporting schedules pertaining to the firm of
Thieme Securities, Inc.	, as
of December 31,	, 20_02, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) that
neither the company nor any partner, proprie	etor, principal officer or director has any proprietary interest in any account
classified solely as that of a customer, except	t as follows:
	·
	Mart Con
	Signature
	President
	Title
Name Public	
Notary Public	
This report ** contains (check all applicable	boxes):
(a) Facing Page.	
(b) Statement of Financial Condition.  (c) Statement of Income (Loss).	
(d) Statement of Changes in Financial C	ondition
	rs' Equity or Partners' or Sole Proprietors' Capital.
(f) Statement of Changes in Liabilities S	
(g) Computation of Net Capital.	
	eserve Requirements Pursuant to Rule 15c3-3.
	on or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3.
	iate explanation of the Computation of Net Capital Under Rule 15c3-3 and the Reserve Requirements Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3.
	d and unaudited Statements of Financial Condition with respect to methods of
consolidation.	2 2.1.2 2.1.22.1.34 Statements of Financial Contained With 193poor to inclineds of
(I) An Oath or Affirmation.	
(m) A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Re	
☐ (n) A report describing any material inade	equacies found to exist or found to have existed since the date of the previous audit.

<sup>\*\*</sup>For conditions of confidential treatment of certain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-5(e)(3).

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2002



### Independent Auditors' Report

To the Stockholder of Thieme Securities, Inc. New York, New York

We have audited the accompanying Statement of Financial Position of Thieme Securities, Inc., (An S Corporation) as of December 31, 2002, and the related Statements of Income, Changes in Stockholder's Equity, and Cash Flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Thieme Securities, Inc. as of December 31, 2002, and the results of its operations, and cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The schedules of computation of net capital, computation for determination of reserve requirements and information relating to possession or control requirement are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements, but are supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

February 12, 2003

Facsimile 212 370 3759

Website www.markspaneth.com
Associated worldwide
with Jeffreys Henry
International

### **Statement of Financial Position**

## **December 31, 2002**

ASSETS Current Assets	
Cash	\$ 1,375
Due from clearing broker	102,058
Prepaid expenses	2,866
Due from related parties	503,556
Total Current Assets	609,855
Other Assets	
Clearing deposit	<u>103,373</u>
	A 740.000
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$ 713,228</u>
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 25,967
Corporate taxes payable	<u>1,106</u>
Total Liabilities	27,073
STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	
Common stock, \$.10 par value, 10,000 shares	
authorized, issued and outstanding	1,000
Additional paid-in-capital	154,000
Retained earnings	<u>531,155</u>
Total Stockholder's Equity	<u>686,155</u>
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$ 713,228
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUIT	<u> </u>

### Statement of Income

### For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

REVENUES Commission and fee income Interest Dividend Expense reimbursement and other income Total Revenues	\$ 1,291,420 485 556 572 1,293,033
Clearing execution and exchange charges Commissions and trader fees Quotation services Travel and entertainment Professional fees Licenses and regulatory fees Telephone Bad debt Administrative and overhead expenses Interest expense Insurance expense Office supplies and expense Total Expenses	140,768 23,313 92,329 73,504 26,765 5,333 38,102 2,500 807,956 4,559 6,274 25,685 1,247,088
Income (Loss) Before Income Taxes	45,945
Provision for Corporate Income Taxes	1,106
Net Income (Loss)	\$ 44.83 <u>9</u>

## Statement of Changes in Stockholder's Equity

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

	Additional				
	Comm Shares	on Stock Amount	Paid-In- <u>Capital</u>	Retained <u>Earnings</u>	Total \
Balance - January 1, 2002	10,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 154,000	\$ 500,125	\$ 655,125
Net Income (Loss)				44,839	44,839
Sub S Distribution				(13,809)	<u>(13,809</u> )
Balance - December 31, 2002	<u>10,000</u>	<u>\$ 1,000</u>	<u>\$ 154,000</u>	<u>\$ 531,155</u>	<u>\$ 686,155</u>

#### **Statement of Cash Flows**

## For the Year Ended December 31, 2002

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:  Net income  Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$	44,839
Increase in due from clearing broker		(37,637)
Decrease in prepaid expenses  Decrease in miscellaneous receivable		1,055 2,500
Increase in due from related parties		(45,000)
Increase in clearing deposit		(1,041)
Increase in accounts payable and accrued expenses		11,081
Decrease in corporate taxes payable	_	(43)
Net Cash Used by Operating Activities	_	(24,246)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Sub S distribution		(13,809)
Net Cash Used by Financing Activities	_	(13,809)
NET INCREASE IN CASH		(38,055)
CASH - January 1, 2002	_	39,430
CASH - December 31, 2002	<u>\$_</u>	<u>1,375</u>
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:		
Income taxes paid	<u>\$</u> _	94
Interest expense paid	<u>\$</u> _	4,559

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### NOTE 1: ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Organization

Thieme Securities, Inc. (the Company) is a broker-dealer registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission (SEC) and is a member of the National Associations of Securities Dealers (NASD). It clears all of its customer transactions through a correspondent broker on a fully disclosed basis. The Company is also engaged in conducting private securities offerings for issues of corporate securities on a best efforts basis.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Commissions

Commissions and related clearing expenses are recorded on a trade-date basis as securities transactions occur.

#### NOTE 2: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company received commission income of approximately \$750,000 from mutual funds which the Company's sole stockholder manages.

The Company pays an allocation of certain common office and administrative expenses to a corporation related by common ownership. Total expenses allocated to the Company during 2002 was \$807,956. The Company made payments in prior years which exceeded the allocated expenses by \$503,556 and is reported as due from related parties. No interest is charged on this balance.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### NOTE 3: PROVISION FOR CORPORATE INCOME TAXES

The Company elected to be treated as a Subchapter S Corporation for Federal and New York State purposes effective January 1, 1997. Therefore no provision has been made for Federal purposes, but a provision has been made for New York State and New York City income taxes as follows:

New York State Corporate Taxes	\$	1	100
New York City General Corporate taxes	_	1,0	006
·	\$	1,1	106

#### NOTE 4: NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS

The Company is subject to the Securities and Exchange Commission Uniform Net Capital Rule (Rule 15c3-1), which requires the maintenance of minimum net capital and requires that the ratio of aggregate indebtedness to net capital, both as defined, shall not exceed 15 to 1. At December 31, 2002, the Company had net capital of \$182,589, which was \$177,589 in excess of its required net capital. The Company's net capital ratio was 0.15 to 1.

## Schedule of Computation of Net Capital

## **December 31, 2002**

Total stockholder's equity	\$ 686,155
Deductions: Receivables from related parties	503,566
Net Capital	<u>\$ 182,589</u>
Aggregate Indebtedness Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 27,073
Ratio of Indebtedness to Net Capital	<u>0.15 to 1</u>
Minimum Capital Required	<u>\$ 5,000</u>
Excess of Net Capital Over Minimum Requirement	<u>\$ 177,589</u>
Net Capital Per Computation Included in the Company's Unaudited FOCUS Report, Part IIA, filing at December 31, 2002	\$ 183,704
Adjustment for change in accrued expenses	1,115
Net Capital, Per Above	<u>\$ 182,589</u>

## Computation for Determination of Reserve Requirements Under Rule 15c-3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

December 31, 2002

The Company has claimed exemption from Rule 15c3-3 under the provisions of Section (k) (2) (ii).

## Information Relating to Possession or Control Requirements Under Rule 15c3-3 of the Securities and Exchange Commission

**December 31, 2002** 

The Company, as an introducing broker, clears all transactions with and for customers on a fully disclosed basis with a clearing broker and promptly transmits all customer funds and securities to the clearing broker who carries all of the accounts of such customers.

The Company does not maintain margin accounts for its customers; and, therefore, there were no excess margin securities.

Procedures for the handling and safeguarding of securities, in the event that they are received, were reviewed and determined to be adequate.



Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Structure Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

To the Stockholder of Thieme Securities, Inc. New York, New York

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Thieme Securities, Inc. for the year ended December 31, 2002, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the financial statements and not to provide assurance on the internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission, we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customer or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons.
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13.
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's abovementioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition, and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of the internal control structure would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by The American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving the internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2002, to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the SEC, the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. and other regulatory agencies which rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

and fareth

February 12, 2003